

This product is for the professional painting of vehicles only after reference to the manufacturer's data sheet.

AKZO NOBEL

sikkens

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and company/undertaking

**Product name and/or code** : 2K Plastic Primer

**Manufacturer** : Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes bv  
Rijksstraatweg 31  
2171 AJ Sassenheim  
The Netherlands  
Phone: +31 (0)71 308 6944  
<http://www.sikkenscr.com>

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : + 31 (0)71 308 6944

### 2. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.

Chemical name*	CAS no.	%	EC number	Classification
Xylene	1330-20-7	28.472	215-535-7	R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	6.94	202-849-4	F; R11 Xn; R20 Xi; R41
polyaminoamide		4.83		Xi; R41
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	108-01-0	2.5	203-542-8	R10 Xn; R20/21/22 C; R34
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	1.7	265-199-0	R10 Xn; R65 Xi; R37 R66, R67 N; R51/53
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	1.2936	203-603-9	R10 Xi; R36
methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.252	201-297-1	F; R11 Xi; R37/38 R43
See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above				

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

### 3. Hazards identification

The preparation is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

**Classification** : R10  
Xn; R20/21  
Xi; R36/38

**Physical/chemical hazards** : Flammable.

**Human health hazards** : Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.  
Irritating to skin.

**Additional warning phrases** : Contains (methyl methacrylate). May produce an allergic reaction.

## 4. First-aid measures

### First-aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Extinguishing media** : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.  
Not to be used : water jet.
- Recommendations** : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterways

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
- Spill** : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

**Note: see section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.**

## 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

To dissipate static electricity during transfer, earth drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this preparation. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Observe label precautions. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources.

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Do not empty into drains..

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Engineering measures** : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Occupational exposure limits</u>
Xylene	<b>EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 5/2003). Skin</b> STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms STEL: 100 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms
Ethylbenzene	<b>EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 5/2003). Skin</b> STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms STEL: 125 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	<b>EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 5/2003).</b> STEL: 22 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms STEL: 6 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms TWA: 7.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 2 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	<b>European Hydrocarbon Solvent Suppliers (CEFIC-HSPA) methodology (Europe). Notes: Suppliers information</b> TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour/hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<b>EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 5/2003). Skin</b> STEL: 548 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms STEL: 100 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms TWA: 274 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms
methyl methacrylate	<b>EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 5/2003).</b> STEL: 416 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms STEL: 100 ppm 15 minute/minutes. Form: All forms TWA: 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour/hours. Form: All forms

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory system** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

**Skin and body** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

#### **Hands**

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

**Eyes** : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

### Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 21°C (69.8°F).
<b>pH</b>	: Basic.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Kinematic: 2689.39 cSt
<b>Relative density</b>	: 1.32 (Water = 1)
<b>Vapour density</b>	: The highest known value is 4.6 (Air = 1) (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate). Weighted average: 3.73 (Air = 1)
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	: The greatest known range is Lower: 2.5% Upper: 10.5% (2-dimethylaminoethanol)
<b>Solubility</b>	: Insoluble in cold water.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Hazardous decomposition products: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

## 11. Toxicological information

There is no data available on the preparation itself. The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See sections 2 and 15 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Contains (methyl methacrylate). May produce an allergic reaction.

## 12. Ecological information

There is no data available on the preparation itself.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 2 for details.

### Ecotoxicity data

<u>Product/ingredient name</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>Result</u>
Xylene	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	3.3 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	8.2 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour/hours	8.6 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour/hours	12 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour/hours	13.3 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	13.4 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour/hours	2.93 mg/l
	Daphnia magna (EC50)	48 hour/hours	2.97 mg/l
	Selenastrum capricornutum (EC50)	48 hour/hours	7.2 mg/l
	Oncorhynchus mykiss (LC50)	96 hour/hours	4.2 mg/l
methyl methacrylate	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	9.09 mg/l
	Poecilia reticulata (LC50)	96 hour/hours	9.6 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	130 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	150 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	159.1 mg/l
	Pimephales promelas (LC50)	96 hour/hours	160.2 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour/hours	191 mg/l
	Lepomis macrochirus (LC50)	96 hour/hours	232.2 mg/l

### Ecological information

#### Persistence/degradability

#### Product/ingredient name

Readily

#### Aquatic half-life

-

#### Photolysis

-

#### Biodegradability

Readily

## 13. Disposal considerations

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.  
Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

## 14. Transport information

**Transport within user's premises** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Land - road/railway

UN number : UN1263  
 Transport document name : PAINT  
 Special provision 640 : H  
 ADR/RID Class : 3  
 Packing group : III  
 ADR/RID Label :



### Sea

UN number : UN1263  
 Proper shipping name : PAINT  
 Special provisions :  
 IMDG Class : 3  
 Packing group : III  
 IMDG Label :



Marine pollutant : No.  
 Emergency schedules (EmS) : 3 05

### Air

UN number : UN1263  
 Proper shipping name : PAINT  
 Special provisions :  
 ICAO/IATA Classification : 3  
 Packing group : III

The "viscosity exemption" provisions do not apply to air transport.

ICAO/IATA label :



### Inland waterways

UN number : UN1263  
 Proper shipping name : PAINT  
 ADNR Classification : 3  
 Packing group : III  
 ADNR Label :



## 15. Regulatory information

**EU regulations** : The product is labelled as follows, in accordance with local regulations:

Hazard symbol/symbols :



Harmful

<b>Risk phrases</b>	: R10- Flammable. R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.
<b>Safety phrases</b>	: S23- Do not breathe vapor/spray. S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. S51- Use only in well-ventilated areas.
<b>Contains</b>	: Xylene
<b>Additional warning phrases</b>	: Contains (methyl methacrylate). May produce an allergic reaction.
<b>VOC content (industrial use)</b>	: Contains 30.7065 wt% VOC. Contains 0 wt% carbon as VOC. This product contains VOC/VOC's. You may be subject to environmental control legislation under Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) or Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control (IPPC) Regulations. Contact your local Environmental Agency Office if in doubt.

## 16. Other information

<b>CEPE Classification</b>	: 1
<b>Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - United Kingdom (UK)</b>	: R11- Highly flammable. R10- Flammable. R20- Harmful by inhalation. R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R20/21/22- Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R34- Causes burns. R36- Irritating to eyes. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin. R37- Irritating to respiratory system. R37/38- Irritating to respiratory system and skin. R38- Irritating to skin. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67- Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to EU Directive 91/155/EEC and its amendments.

**Date of issue** : 2/4/2006.

### Notice to reader

*The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.*

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